## Math 7 Notes (Section 6-1) Solve One-Step Addition & Subtraction Equations

An equation is a sentence stating that two quantities are equal.

The value of a variable that makes an equation true is called the solution of the equation.

Example: x = 4 is the solution to the equation x + 2 = 6

We will be solving equations <u>algebraically using</u> <u>proper steps</u> based on these properties:

If we add or subtract a number to one side of an equation, we must add or subtract the same thing to the other side of the equation.

Solve: 
$$x + 9 = -2$$

Subtract 9 from  $x + 9 = -2$ 

This means  $-2 - 9$ 
 $-9 - 9$ 
 $x = -11$ 

This means  $-2 - 9$ 
 $-2 + -9$ 
 $-11$ 

Check:  $x + 9 = -2$ 

Copy original equation

 $-11 + 9 \stackrel{?}{=} -2$ 

Substitute your solution for the variable

 $-2 = -2$ 

Solve: 
$$-5 = n + 12$$
  
 $-12$   $-5 - 12$   
 $-17 = n + 0$   
 $-17 = n$ 

Check: 
$$-5 = n + 12$$
  
 $-5 \stackrel{?}{=} -17 + 12$   
 $-5 = -5 \times$ 

Solve: 4.3 + n = -9.85 -4.3 -4.3

-43

Solve: 
$$-2 = n - 8$$
  
 $+8$   $+8$   $-2 + 8$   
 $6 = n + 0$   
 $6 = n$   
Check:  $-2 = n - 8$   
 $-2 = 6 - 8$   
 $-2 = 6 + - 8$   
 $-2 = -2$ 

Check: 
$$4.3 + n = -9.85$$
  
 $4.3 + -14.15 \stackrel{?}{=} -9.85$   
 $-9.85 = -9.85$   
 $-9.85 = -9.85$ 

9.85

