

**Accelerated Math Notes**  
**Variables and Expressions**  
**(Section 1-3)**

Write an algebraic expression for each of the following.

- 1) the product of seven and a number  
 Let  $n$  = the number 7n
- 2) four less than a number  
 Let  $n$  = the number  $n - 4$
- 3) the sum of a number squared and the same number cubed  
 Let  $n$  = the number  $n^2 + n^3$
- 4) the number of feet equivalent to a certain number of inches  
 Let  $n$  = the # of inches  $\frac{n}{12}$
- 5) the number of centimeters equivalent to a certain number of meters  
 Let  $n$  = the # of meters  $100n$   
meters
- 6) three more than the quotient of a number and two  
 Let  $n$  = the number  $\frac{n}{2} + 3$

To evaluate algebraic expressions,  
**ALWAYS** substitute numbers for the variables first!!!  
 Make it a numerical expression and then evaluate!

Evaluate  $a^2 + 5a + 7$  if  $a = 3$

$$(3)^2 + 5(3) + 7$$

$$9 + 15 + 7$$

$$\textcircled{31}$$

Evaluate if  $a = 3$   $b = 2$   $c = 5$

$a^2 + b^3$	$\frac{5ab}{c + 1}$	$2c + 3(a + b)$
$(3)^2 + (2)^3$	$\frac{5(3)(2)}{5 + 1}$	$2(5) + 3(3 + 2)$
$9 + 8$	$\frac{30}{6}$	$2(5) + 3(5)$
$\textcircled{17}$	$5$	$10 + 3(5)$
		$10 + 15$
		$\textcircled{25}$

A taxi charges \$4.00 plus \$3.00 for each mile.  
 Write an algebraic expression that represents the cost of the trip for any number of miles.

Define a variable

$m = \# \text{ of miles}$

$4 + 3m$

$\textcircled{\text{or}}$

$3m + 4$

LMS sold tickets for a school play. The price of an adult ticket was \$6, the price of a student was \$4. Write an algebraic expression that represents the total amount of money collected.

**Define variable(s):**

Let  $a$  = # adult tickets  
 $s$  = # student

$$a \cdot 6 + s \cdot 4$$

$$6a + 4s$$

A company charges \$63 per day to lease a car, plus \$0.24 per mile driven. Write an expression for the cost to lease the car.

**Define variable(s):**

$d$  = # of days  
 $m$  = # of miles

$$63d + 0.24m$$

Sometimes, Always, or Never ???  
Justify your reasoning.

The expressions  $3x^2$  and  $(3x)^2$  represent the same value.

Let  $x=4$

$$3x^2 \stackrel{?}{=} (3x)^2$$

$$3(4)^2 \stackrel{?}{=} (3 \cdot 4)^2$$

$$3(16) \stackrel{?}{=} 12^2$$

$$48 \stackrel{?}{=} 144$$

NO

NO In first case  
you are only  
squaring the  
value of  $x$ . In  
the second case  
you are squaring  
whatever 3 times  $x$   
is